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ESA PCIDIOT

PCI DIGITAL I/O TIMER CARD FOR PCs

1.0 INTRODUCTION:

Electro Systems Associates Pvt. Ltd. manufactures a variety of microprocessor trainers, development/debugging tools and microcomputer development systems useful for educational institutions and R&D labs.

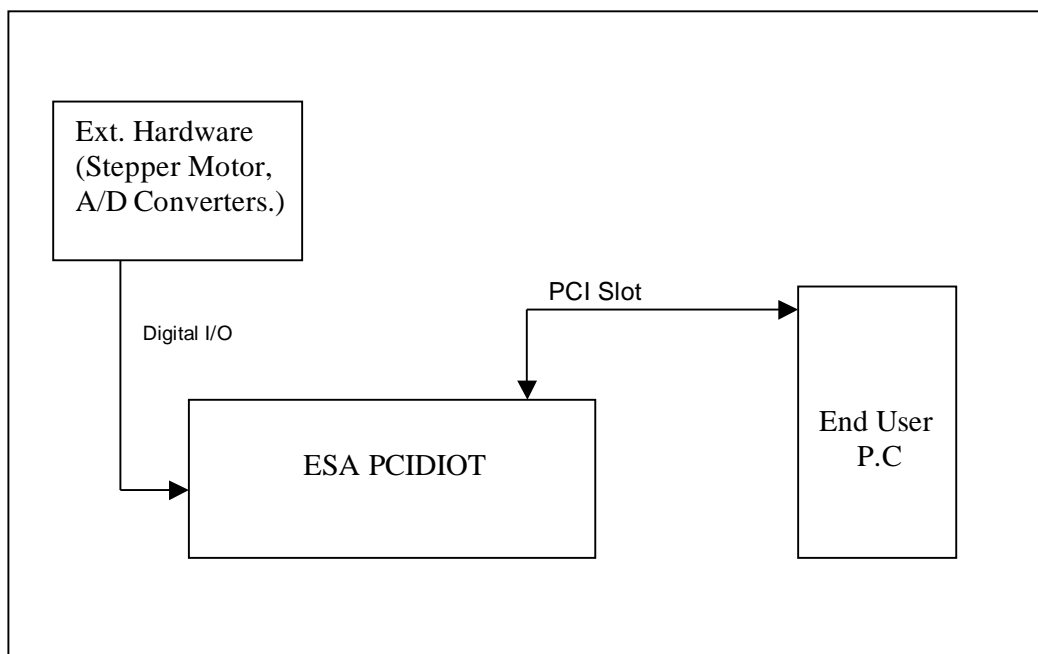
ESA PCIDIOT card is a PCI based Digital Input/Output Timer card for PC compatible systems. The card contains two 8255 programmed peripheral interface (PPI) which provide 48 programmable I/O lines for the user and one 8254 programmable interval timer which provide three programmable counter/timers to the user.

ESA PCIDIOT can be plugged into any one of the free PCI slots of the system. This card is accompanied by a Driver CD, which contains Drivers & supporting files.

CARD SPECIFICATIONS:

- 8255** : Two Nos. – Provide 48 I/O lines
- 8254** : One No. - Provides
 - 3 Timers OUT Lines
 - 3 Timer GATE Lines
 - 3 Timer CLK Lines
- JUMPERS** : Used for setting the Input clock selection to the timer.
- Power Supply** : The card draws power from the system itself. No external Power Supply required.
- System** : Any PC compatible system with PCI slots.

Block Diagram:-



2.0 DESCRIPTION OF THE CIRCUIT:

The card uses a popular PCI Bridge (U8) to interface, two 8255s at U5 & U6 and one 8254 at U3, to the PC through PCI Bus. The two 8255s provide six programmable 8-bit I/O ports.

The 24 I/O lines of U5 (8255-II) are brought to J4, a 26-pin male connector and also to J3, a 25-pin D-type connector site.

The 24 I/O lines of U6 (8255-I) are brought to J2, a 26-pin male connector.

The 74LS245 at U9 is a Bi-directional buffer for data bus.

The PIT, 8254 at U3 has three 16-bit programmable timers /counters and can operate up to 8 MHz. The OUT, GATE and CLK lines of the PIT are brought to J1, a 15-pin D-Type female Connector. Please refer to Appendix C for all connector details.

The jumpers JP1, JP2 and JP3 are used for connecting external or system clock to the clock input of timer of 8254.

JUMPER	CONNECTION	CLOCK USED
JP1	1 – 2	EXT CLOCK to Timer 2
	2 – 3	SYS CLOCK to Timer2
JP2	1 – 2	EXT CLOCK to Timer1
	2 – 3	SYS CLOCK to Timer1
JP3	1 – 2	EXT CLOCK to Timer0
	2 – 3	SYS CLOCK to Timer0

NOTE:

The GATE0, GATE1, GATE2 signals of the 8254 should be controlled by user as per his requirements.

Packing List:

Before you begin installing **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware, please make sure that the following materials have been shipped to you.

- Ø **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.
- Ø **ESA PCIDIOT** Software CD containing Windows Driver Software & Sample applications with source developed using VC++ 6.0, VB 6.0 Labwindows\CVI, MASM32, Turbo C & MASM.
- Ø **ESA PCIDIOT** User's Manual.

Minimum System Requirements:

- Ø IBM Compatible Pentium machine or above.
- Ø Windows 98/Windows NT/Windows 2000/ Windows XP/Windows Me.
- Ø Microsoft Visual Studio / Lab Windows- CVI Development Environment.
- Ø 64 MB of RAM.
- Ø PCI Slot.
- Ø CD-ROM Drive.

NOTE:

To use the **ESA PCIDIOT** card in **Windows (98/NT/2000/XP)** Environment user need to install Windows driver software and library files available on the Driver Software CD.

To use the card in **DOS** mode, please refer chapter 5.5 (**DOS** mode Application Development).

3.0 Installation of the Hardware & Driver Software:

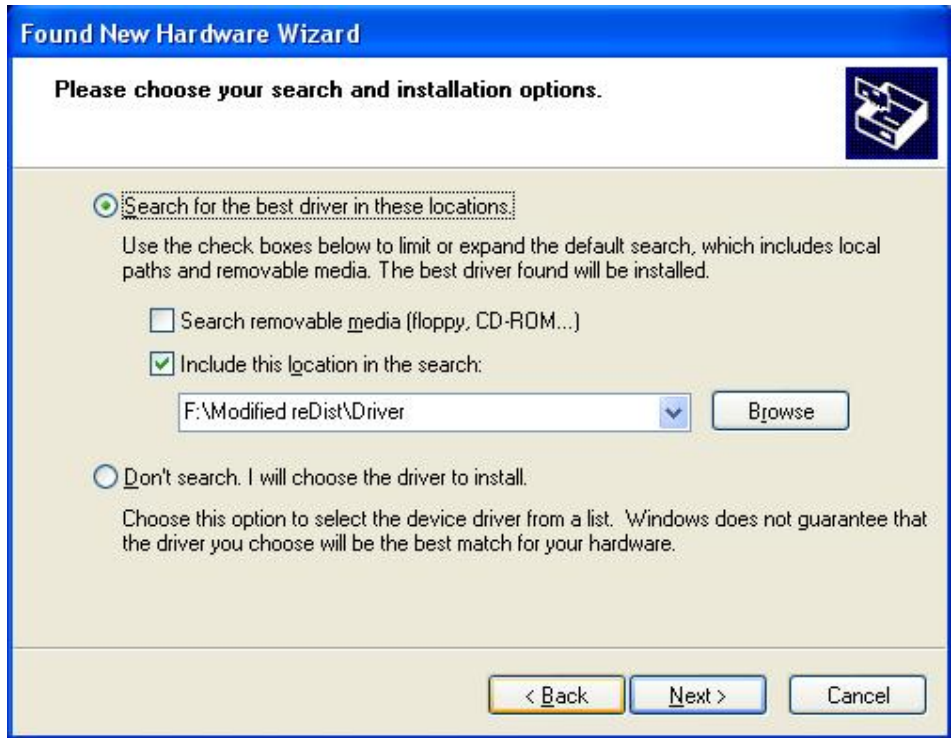
1. Switch off, the PC.
2. Remove the power cable from the PC.
3. Plug the **ESA PCIDIOT** card in the free PCI slot available on the PC Motherboard.
4. Plug the power cable to the PC.
5. Switch on, the PC.
6. Windows OS will detect a new hardware and asks for the Installation of Driver.

NOTE:

The user must have administrative privileges on the target computer in order to install the driver for **Windows 2000/XP/NT**.



If user selects “**Install the software automatically**”, it will search for the suitable drivers in local drives and external media. In Case it does not detect any suitable driver, select “**Install from a list or specific location**”, you should then see the following window.





After Installation is completed, run the following command from the Command Prompt.

(WindowsXP)

```
G:\Driver\wdreg –inf C:\windows\system32\drivers\windrvr6.inf install
```

(Windows 2000)

```
G:\Driver\wdreg –inf C:\winnt\system32\drivers\windrvr6.inf install
```

(Windows 98)

```
G:\Driver\wdreg16 –inf C:\windows\system32\drivers\windrvr6.inf install
```

NOTE: Windows 98 requires a reboot after Installation of the driver for proper working of the **ESA PCIDIOT** card.

Batch files for the above are provided in the Drivers CD, file names are **reg98.bat (Windows 98)**, **reg2k.bat (Windows 2000)** and **regXP.bat (Windows XP)**.

User has to take care of the Drive names in the batch file while running these batch files.

This Registering could be done for the reboot free installation of the Driver. This could be done at the first time of installation; Next time onwards driver will be activated automatically.

NOTE:

Windows NT Operating Systems doesn't support Plug & Play feature. User has to do manual installation of the driver for the card.

Go to the WINNT folder in the Drivers CD.

Edit "install.bat". Confirm the Directory Paths of WINDOWS NT installation.

Edit "uninst.bat". Confirm the Directory Paths.

For installing the driver, Double click on "install.bat" or run "install.bat" from the command window.

For uninstalling the driver, close all the applications that are using this driver. Double click on "uninst.bat" or run "uninst.bat" from the command windows.

Uninstalling the Driver:

Delete the Devices listed in **Device Manager** Under "**ESA**" ("Hardware" Tab From "**My Computer**" Properties) like "**ESA PCIDIOT**".

Delete "**windrvr6.sys**" & "**windrvr6.inf**" from "**%windir%\system32\drivers**".

Delete "**esapdiot.dll**" from "**%windir%**" (Ex: **C:\Windows** or **C:\winnt**)

Delete "**oemxx.inf**" (**Windows2k/XP**) from "**%windir%\inf**" directory or "**esa*.inf**" from "**%windir%\inf\other**" (**Windows 98**).

Restart the PC.

NOTE:

On **Windows 2000/XP/NT**, the **inf** files will be created with "**oemXX.inf**" under "**%windir%\inf**". To find the **inf** file corresponding to **ESA PCIDIOT** card, user can search the **INF** directory for the "**ESA PCIDIOT**" as a search text.

4.0 Driver Libraries Description:

Function Reference:

1) ESAPCIDIOT_Open()

PURPOSE

Provides Device Handle to access Driver kernel module. All other APIs use the handle provided by this function, and therefore this function must be called before calling any other API.

PROTOTYPE

```
int ESAPCIDIOT_Open(int CardNo)
```

PARAMETERS

Name	Type	Input/Output
CardNo	Int	Input

DESCRIPTION

Name	Description
CardNo	Used for specifying the card number when multiple ESA PCIDIOT cards present on the PC. If only one card present on the PC, send '1' as the card number. Card Numbers will be known from the PCI slots where ESA PCIDIOT cards installed.

RETURN VALUE

Returns 0 on success,

- 1 if CardNo is not matching with the Existing **ESAPCIDOT48** cards.
- 2 if No **ESA PCIDIOT** card existing.

EXAMPLE

```
int dwStatus;

dwStatus = ESAPCIDIOT_Open();

if (dwStatus == 2)
{
    Message Box(NULL," No ESA PCIDIOT Cards Found","ERROR",NULL);
    Exit(0);
}
if (dwStatus == 1)
{
    Message Box(NULL," Card No not matching with the existing
                    cards","ERROR",NULL);
    Exit(0);
}
if (dwStatus == 0)
{
    Message Box(NULL," Card Found"," INFO...",NULL);
    .....
    .....
}
}
```

2) ESAPCIDIOT_Close()

PURPOSE

Closes the Device Handle and frees resources allocated for the Device which was created by **ESAPCIDIOT_Open()** at start.

PROTOTYPE

```
void ESAPCIDIOT_Close()
```

PARAMETERS

None

RETURN VALUE

None

EXAMPLE

```
ESAPCIDIOT_Close();
```

3) Write_82551CR()

PURPOSE

Writes the data to the 8255-1(U6) Command Register of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

```
void Write_82551CR(unsigned char Data)
```

PARAMETERS

Name	Type	Input/Output
Data	unsigned char	Input

DESCRIPTION

Name	Description
Data	Used for specifying the data to be written.

RETURN VALUE

NONE

EXAMPLE

```
Write_82551CR(0x80);
```

4) Write_82551PortA()

PURPOSE

Writes the data to the 8255-1(U6) PortA of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

```
void Write_82551PortA(unsigned char Data)
```

PARAMETERS

Name	Type	Input/Output
Data	unsigned char	Input

DESCRIPTION

Name	Description
Data	Used for specifying the data to be written.

RETURN VALUE

NONE

EXAMPLE

```
Write_82551PortA(0x80);
```

5) Write_82551PortB()

PURPOSE

Writes the data to the 8255-1(U6) PortB of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

```
void Write_82551PortB(unsigned char Data)
```

PARAMETERS

Name	Type	Input/Output
Data	unsigned char	Input

DESCRIPTION

Name	Description
Data	Used for specifying the data to be written.

RETURN VALUE

NONE

EXAMPLE

```
Write_82551PortB(0x80);
```

6) Write_82551PortC()

PURPOSE

Writes the data to the 8255-1(U6) PortC of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

```
void Write_82551PortC(unsigned char Data)
```

PARAMETERS

Name	Type	Input/Output
Data	unsigned char	Input

DESCRIPTION

Name	Description
Data	Used for specifying the data to be written.

RETURN VALUE

NONE

EXAMPLE

```
Write_82551PortC(0x80);
```

7) Read_82551PortA()

PURPOSE

Reads the data from the 8255-1(U6) PortA of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

unsigned char Read_82551PortA(void)

PARAMETERS

NONE

RETURN VALUE

Returns the data read from the 8255-1(U6) PortA of ESA PCIDIOT Hardware.

EXAMPLE

```
Data = Read_82551PortA();
```

8) Read_82551PortB()

PURPOSE

Reads the data from the 8255-1(U6) PortB of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

unsigned char Read_82551PortB(void)

PARAMETERS

NONE

RETURN VALUE

Returns the data read from the 8255-1(U6) PortB of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

EXAMPLE

```
Data = Read_82551PortB();
```

9) Read_82551PortC()

PURPOSE

Reads the data from the 8255-1(U6) PortC of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

unsigned char Read_82551PortC(void)

PARAMETERS

NONE

RETURN VALUE

Returns the data read from the 8255-1(U6) PortC of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

EXAMPLE

```
Data = Read_82551PortC();
```

10) Write_82552CR()

PURPOSE

Writes the data to the 8255-2(U5) Command Register of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

```
void Write_82552CR(unsigned char Data)
```

PARAMETERS

Name	Type	Input/Output
Data	unsigned char	Input

DESCRIPTION

Name	Description
Data	Used for specifying the data to be written.

RETURN VALUE

NONE

EXAMPLE

```
Write_82552CR(0x80);
```

11) Write_82552PortA()

PURPOSE

Writes the data to the 8255-2(U5) PortA of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

```
void Write_82552PortA(unsigned char Data)
```

PARAMETERS

Name	Type	Input/Output
Data	unsigned char	Input

DESCRIPTION

Name	Description
Data	Used for specifying the data to be written.

RETURN VALUE

NONE

EXAMPLE

```
Write_82552PortA(0x80);
```

12) Write_82552PortB()

PURPOSE

Writes the data to the 8255-2(U5) PortB of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

```
void Write_82552PortB(unsigned char Data)
```

PARAMETERS

Name	Type	Input/Output
Data	unsigned char	Input

DESCRIPTION

Name	Description
Data	Used for specifying the data to be written.

RETURN VALUE

NONE

EXAMPLE

```
Write_82552PortB(0x80);
```

13) Write_82552PortC()

PURPOSE

Writes the data to the 8255-2(U5) PortC of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

```
void Write_82552PortC(unsigned char Data)
```

PARAMETERS

Name	Type	Input/Output
Data	unsigned char	Input

DESCRIPTION

Name	Description
Data	Used for specifying the data to be written.

RETURN VALUE

NONE

EXAMPLE

```
Write_82552PortC(0x80);
```

14) Read_82552PortA()

PURPOSE

Reads the data from the 8255-2(U5) PortA of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

unsigned char Read_82552PortA(void)

PARAMETERS

NONE

RETURN VALUE

Returns the data read from the 8255-2(U5) PortA of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

EXAMPLE

```
Data = Read_82552PortA();
```

15) Read_82552PortB()

PURPOSE

Reads the data from the 8255-2(U5) PortB of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

unsigned char Read_82552PortB(void)

PARAMETERS

NONE

RETURN VALUE

Returns the data read from the 8255-2(U5) PortB of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

EXAMPLE

```
Data = Read_82552PortB();
```

16) Read_82552PortC()

PURPOSE

Reads the data from the 8255-2(U5) PortC of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

unsigned char Read_82552PortC(void)

PARAMETERS

NONE

RETURN VALUE

Returns the data read from the 8255-2(U5) PortC of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

EXAMPLE

```
Data = Read_82552PortC();
```

17) Write_8254CR()

PURPOSE

Writes the data to the 8254(U3) Command Register of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

```
void Write_8254CR(unsigned char Data)
```

PARAMETERS

Name	Type	Input/Output
Data	unsigned char	Input

DESCRIPTION

Name	Description
Data	Used for specifying the data to be written.

RETURN VALUE

NONE

EXAMPLE

```
Write_8254CR(0x80);
```

18) Latch_Timer()

PURPOSE

Reads the data from specified 8254(U3) timers on the fly of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

unsigned short Latch_Timer(unsigned char Timerno)

PARAMETERS

Name	Type	Input/Output
Timerno	unsigned char	Input 0 --- Timer 0 1 --- Timer 1 2 --- Timer 2

RETURN VALUE

Returns the data read from the specified 8254(U3) Timer of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

EXAMPLE

```
Data = Latch_Timer(0);
```

19) Write_Timer0()

PURPOSE

Writes the data to the 8254(U3) Timer0 of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

```
void Write_Timer0(unsigned char Data)
```

PARAMETERS

Name	Type	Input/Output
Data	unsigned char	Input

DESCRIPTION

Name	Description
Data	Used for specifying the data to be written.

RETURN VALUE

NONE

EXAMPLE

```
Write_Timer0(0x80);
```

20) Write_Timer1()

PURPOSE

Writes the data to the 8254(U3) Timer1 of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

```
void Write_Timer1(unsigned char Data)
```

PARAMETERS

Name	Type	Input/Output
Data	unsigned char	Input

DESCRIPTION

Name	Description
Data	Used for specifying the data to be written.

RETURN VALUE

NONE

EXAMPLE

```
Write_Timer1(0x80);
```

21) Write_Timer2()

PURPOSE

Writes the data to the 8254(U3) Timer2 of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

```
void Write_Timer2(unsigned char Data)
```

PARAMETERS

Name	Type	Input/Output
Data	unsigned char	Input

DESCRIPTION

Name	Description
Data	Used for specifying the data to be written.

RETURN VALUE

NONE

EXAMPLE

```
Write_Timer2(0x80);
```

22) Read_Timer0()

PURPOSE

Reads the data from the 8254(U3) Timer0 of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

unsigned char Read_Timer0(void)

PARAMETERS

NONE

RETURN VALUE

Returns the data read from the 8254(U3) Timer0 of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

EXAMPLE

```
Data = Read_Timer0();
```

23) Read_Timer1()

PURPOSE

Reads the data from the 8254(U3) Timer1 of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

unsigned char Read_Timer1(void)

PARAMETERS

NONE

RETURN VALUE

Returns the data read from the 8254(U3) Timer1 of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

EXAMPLE

```
Data = Read_Timer1();
```

24) Read_Timer2()

PURPOSE

Reads the data from the 8254(U3) Timer2 of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

PROTOTYPE

unsigned char Read_Timer2(void)

PARAMETERS

NONE

RETURN VALUE

Returns the data read from the 8254(U3) Timer2 of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

EXAMPLE

```
Data = Read_Timer2();
```

25) outportb()

PURPOSE

Write the BYTE data to the specified address. This address should be in the address range of Selected Card resources. Use “ChkdIot” utility to know the Card resources.

PROTOTYPE

```
void outportb(unsigned int PortAddr, unsigned char Data)
```

PARAMETERS

Name	Type	Input/Output
PortAddr	Unsigned int	Input
Data	Unsigned Char	Input

RETURN VALUE

NONE

EXAMPLE

```
Outportb(0xd803, 0x80);
```

26) inportb()

PURPOSE

Reads the BYTE data from the specified address. This address should be in the address range of Selected Card resources. Use “Chkdiod” utility to know the Card resources.

PROTOTYPE

unsigned char inportb(unsigned int PortAddr)

PARAMETERS

Name	Type	Input/Output
PortAddr	Unsigned int	Input

RETURN VALUE

Returns the data read from the specified address of **ESA PCIDIOT** Hardware.

EXAMPLE

```
Data = inportb(0x8000);
```

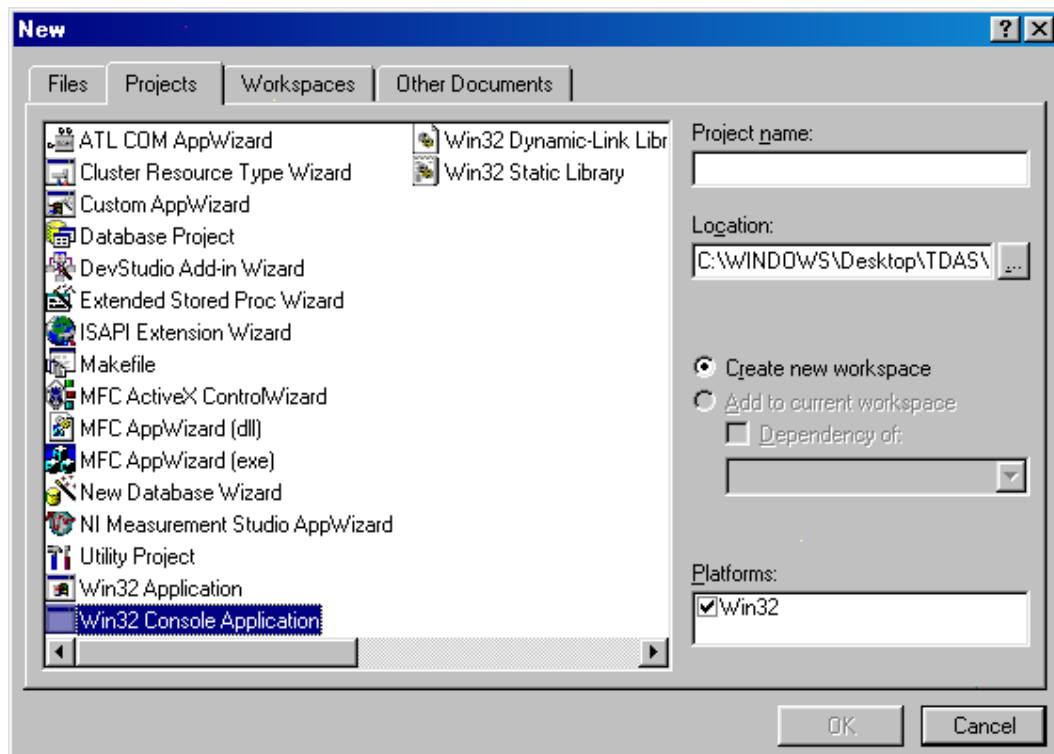
5.0 APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT USING DRIVER LIBRARIES:

- Section I describes about the application development in **VC++ 6.0**.
- Section II describes about the application development in **VB 6.0**.
- Section III describes about the application development in **LabWindows/CVI**.
- Section IV describes about the application development in **DOS** mode using **Turbo C compiler/MASM**
- Section V describes about the application development in **MASM32**.
- Section V describes about the application development in **JAVA**.

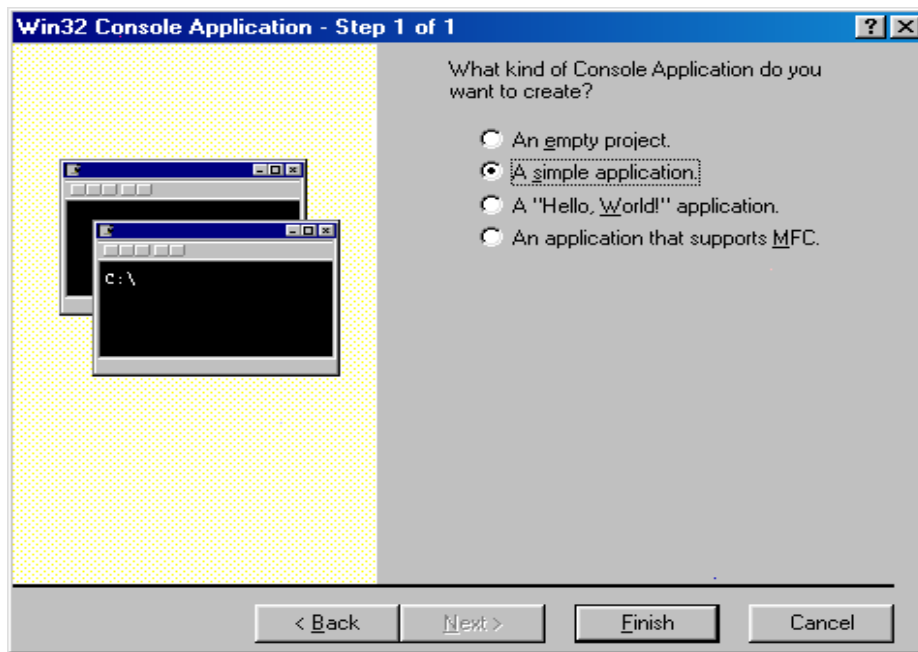
5.1) Visual C++ 6.0 (VC++)

Creating a New Console Application Project in Visual C++ 6.0:

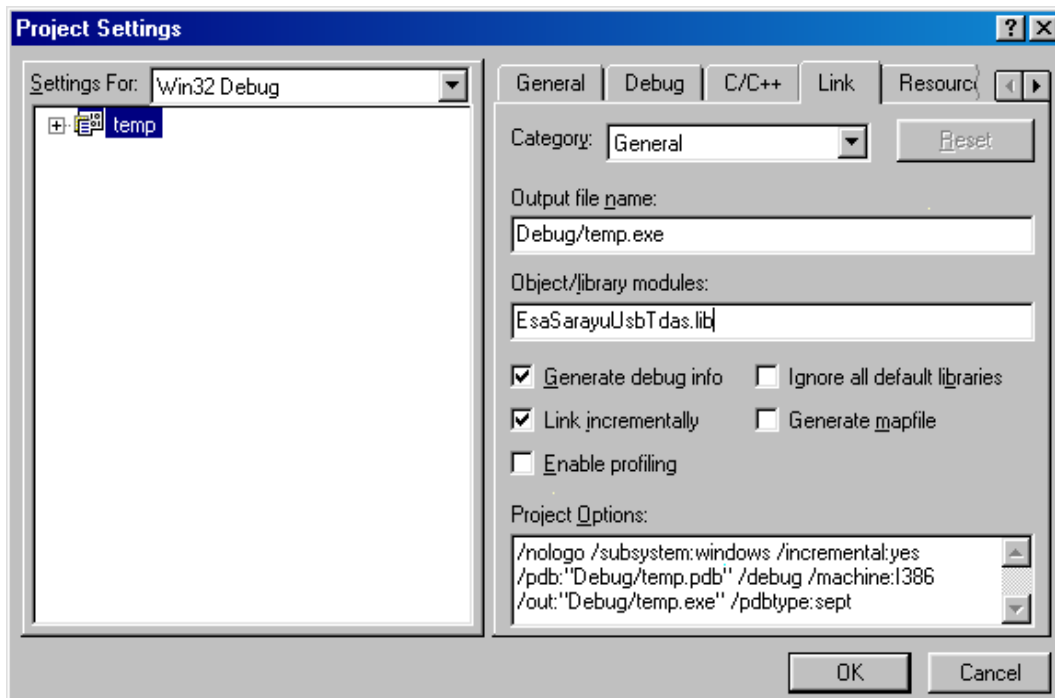
1. Start the Microsoft Developer Studio.
2. Choose **New** from the **File** Menu.
3. Select **Projects** Tab. You should then see the following Dialog Box.



4. Enter the Project name and location where project-working folder should be created.
5. Click **OK** button.
6. You should then see the following Dialog Box.



7. Select the Simple Application and click **Finish**.
8. Copy all Files from **Lib** folder available in Drivers CD to current working directory.
9. Open the Application cpp file and add "#include "esapiot.h" and write the application using the Driver Libraries.
11. Select **Project** -> **Settings**. You should then see the following dialog box.



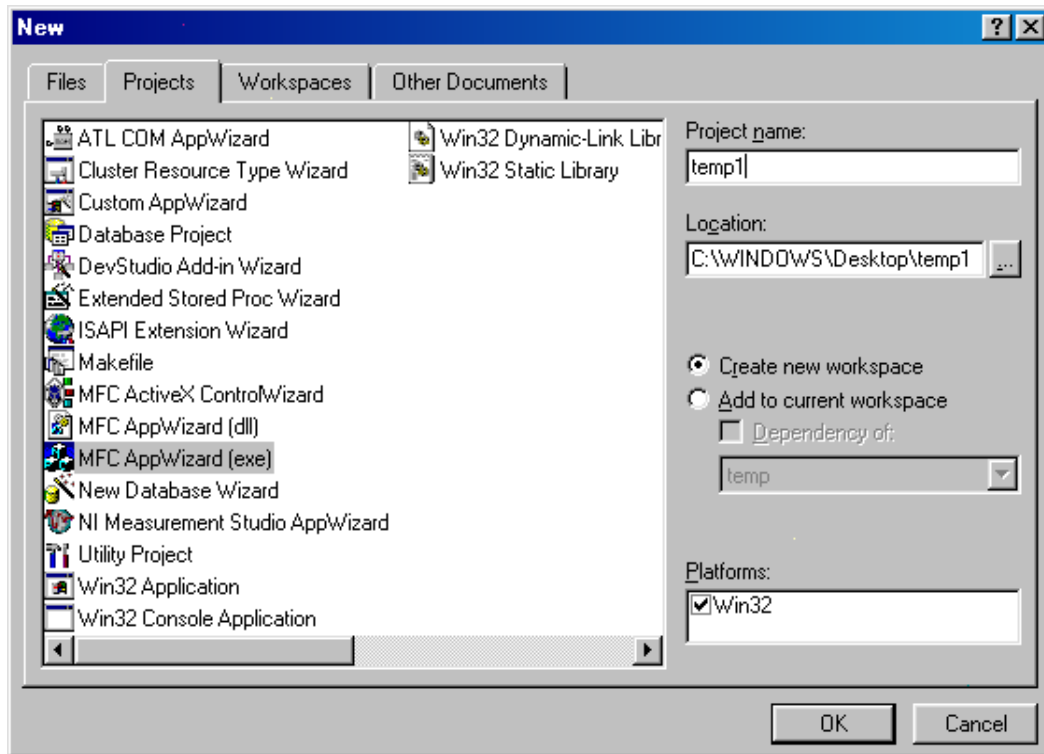
13. Select **Link** Tab in the Dialog box.
14. Specify “**Esapdiot.lib**” at **Object/library modules** Textbox.
15. Click **OK** button.
16. Build the Application From **Build** Menu.
17. Run the Application.

Example:

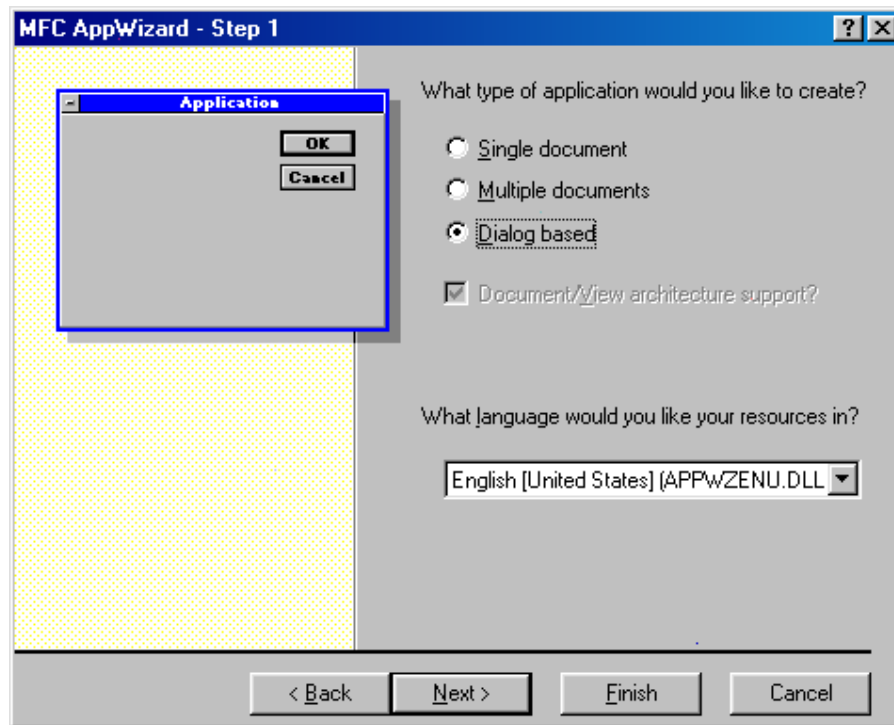
```
#include <stdafx.h>
#include "Esapdiot.h"
int main(void)
{
    unsigned int dwError;
    dwError = ESAPCIDIOT_Open();
    Write_82551CR(0x80);
    Write_82552CR(0x9b);
    while(!kbhit()) {
        Write_82551PortA(0x55);
        Write_82551PortB(0xAA);
        Write_82551PortB(0xFF);
        if (Read_82552PortA() == 0x55)
            printf("\r\n PortA Good");
        Else
            Printf("\r\n PortA Bad");
        if (Read_82552PortB() == 0x55)
            printf("\r\n PortB Good");
        Else
            Printf("\r\n PortB Bad");
        if (Read_82552PortC() == 0x55)
            printf("\r\n PortC Good");
        Else
            Printf("\r\n PortC Bad");
    }
    ESAPCIDIOT_Close();
    return 0;
}
```

Creating a MFC Application Project in Visual C++ 6.0:

1. Start the Microsoft Developer Studio.
2. Choose **New** from the **File** Menu.
3. Select **Projects** Tab. You should then see the following Dialog Box.

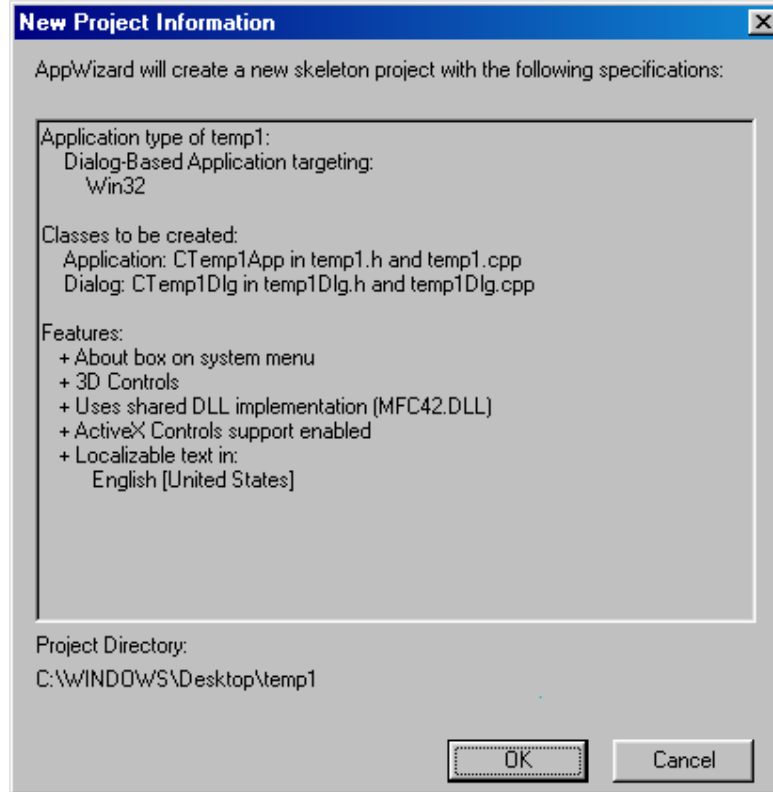


4. Enter the Project name and location where project-working folder should be created.
5. Click **OK** button.
6. You should then see the following Dialog Box.



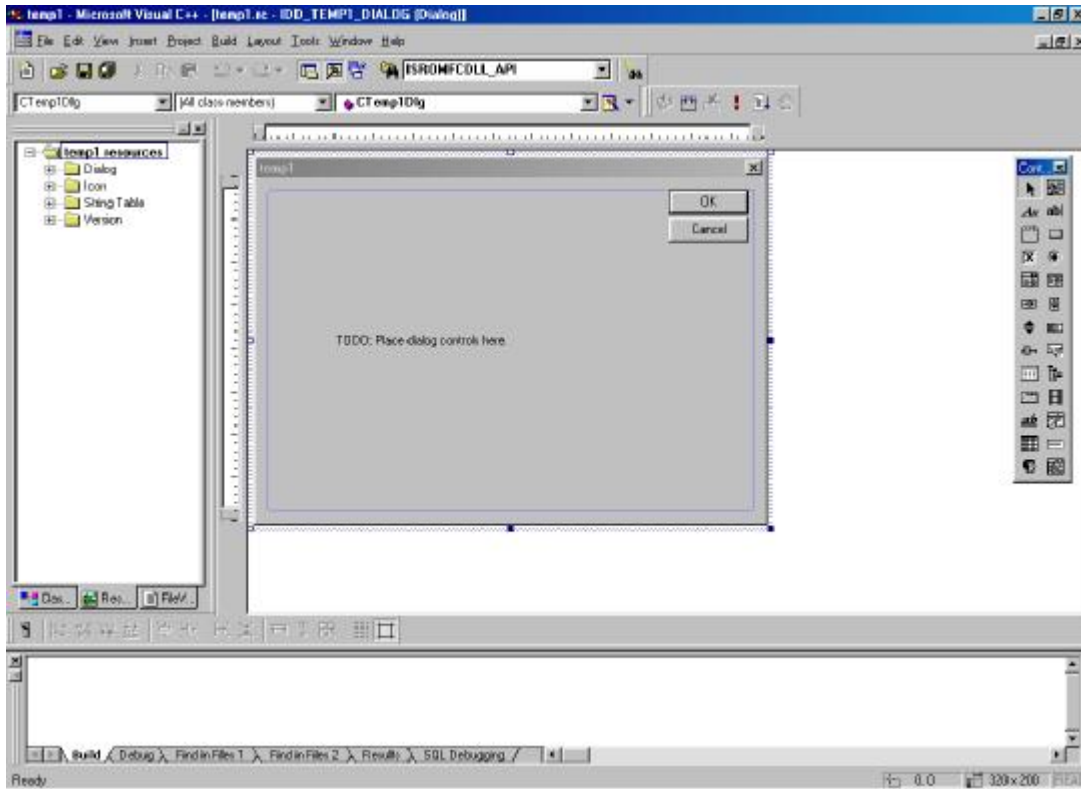
7) Select **Dialog based** radio button and click Finish.

8) You should then see the following Dialog box with added classes Information.



9) Click **OK** Button.

10) You should then see the following windows.



11) Add the controls as per requirement.

12) Add Callback functions for the controls by using the driver libraries.

13) Copy “esapdiot.h”, “esapdiot.dll” & “esapdiot.lib” Files from **Lib** folder, which is available in Drivers CD.

14) Select **Project** -> **Settings**. Select **Link** Tab in the Dialog box.

15) Specify “**Esapdiot.lib**” at **Object/library modules** Textbox.

16) Click **OK** button.

17) Build the application from **Build** Menu.

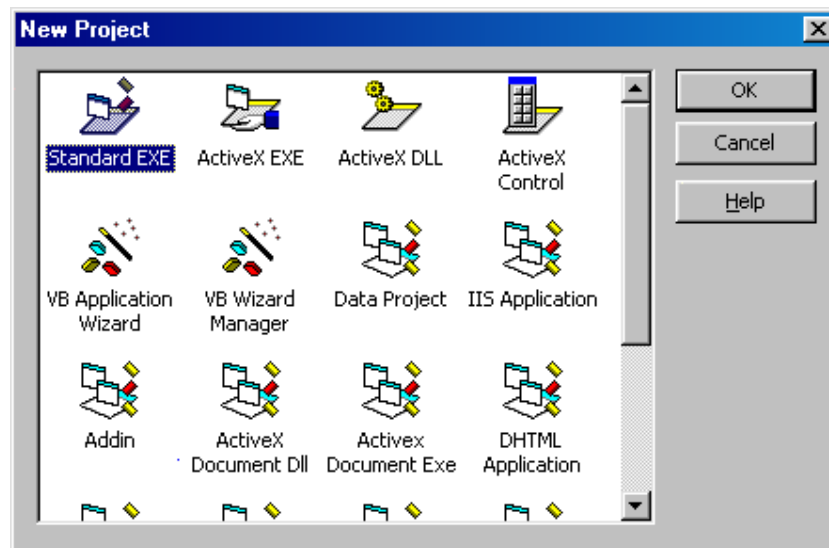
18) Run the application.

Example Source is given in the Driver software CD under ExampleApp.Source Folder.

5.2) Visual Basic 6.0 (VB)

Creating a Application Project in Visual BASIC 6.0:

- 1) Start Microsoft Visual Basic 6.0 environment.
- 2) Choose **New Project** from the **File** menu. You should then see the following dialog.



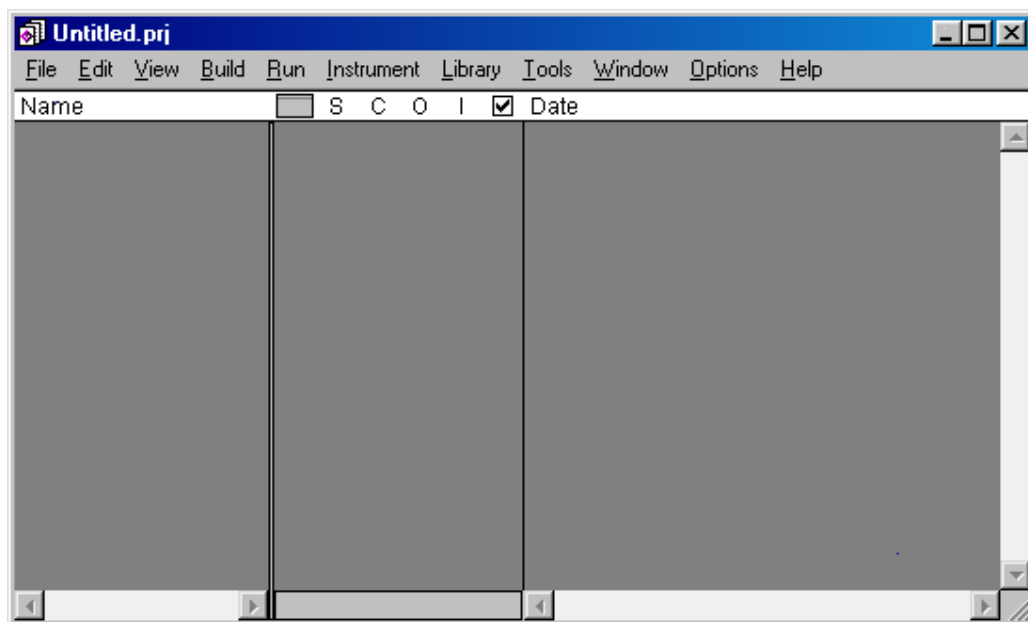
- 3) Select **Standard EXE** and click OK Button.
- 4) copy **“esapdiot.bas”** & **“esapdiot.dll”** to the current project directory.
- 5) Add **“esapdiot.bas”** module to the current project by right clicking on the project window -> add module option.
- 6) Place the controls(command button, text boxes etc..) in the form.
- 7)Use the Driver Libraries as per the application requirement.
- 8) Build the Project
- 9) Run the application.

Example Source is given in the Driver software CD under ExampleApp.Source Folder.

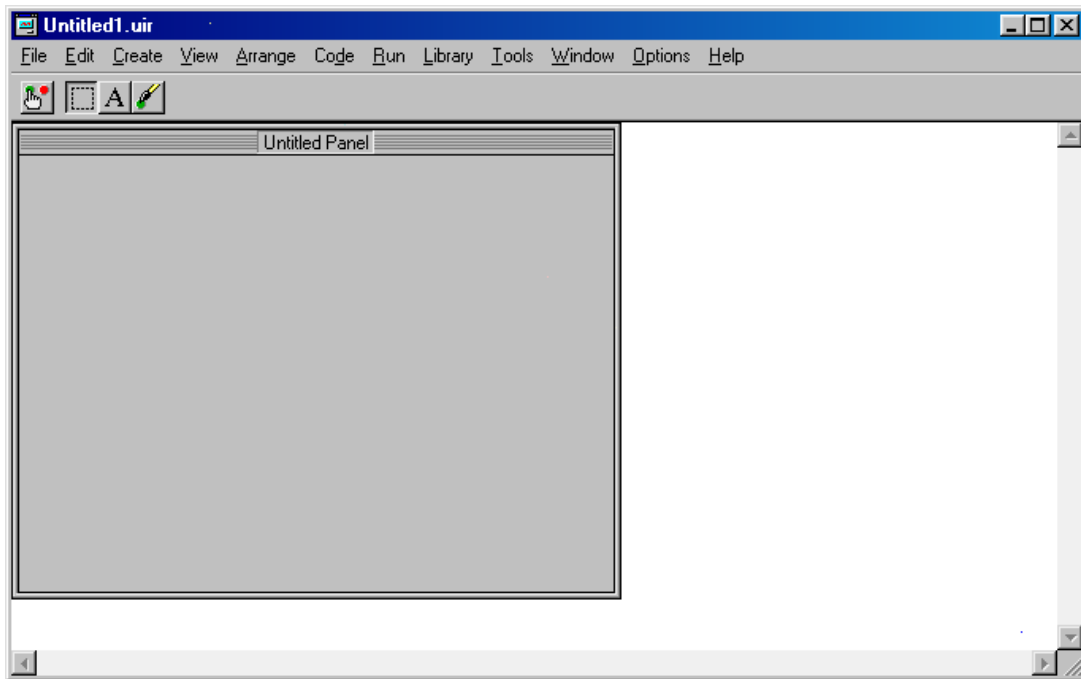
5.3) Lab Windows/CVI 6.0

Creating Project in Lab Windows/CVI 6.0:

1. Start the Lab Windows/CVI 6.0.
2. Create a new project in Lab Windows/CVI 6.0.
3. You should then see the following window.



4. Save the project.
5. Copy all Files from the **Lib** Folder, which are available on Drivers CD to the current Project Directory.
6. Create a new uir file from **File** Menu.
7. You should then see the following window.



8. Right Click on the Panel and add the controls required. Add callbacks to the controls.
9. Create new “C” source file and write the code using driver libraries.
10. Add .uir, .c & .lib files to the project from the **Edit** Menu.
11. Build the Application.
12. Run the Application.

Example Source is given in Drivers CD under “ExampleApp.Source” Folder.

5.4) DOS mode Application Development (TURBO C & MASM)

NOTE: User can write applications using `inportb` & `outportb` function with TURBO C Compiler (or) using `IN` & `OUT` instruction with MASM under windows 98, Me & 95. Under Windows NT, 2000, XP the user mode application does not have the permissions of the I/O ports. Please refer this section to develop the applications under Windows NT, 2000, XP.

A problem that plagues Windows NT/2000 and Windows XP is its strict control over I/O ports. Unlike Windows 9x & ME, Windows NT/2000/XP will cause an exception (Privileged Instruction) if an attempt is made to access an IO port that a user mode program is not privileged to talk too. Actually it's not Windows NT that does this, but any 386 or higher processor running in protected mode.

Accessing I/O Ports in protected mode is governed by two events, The I/O privilege level (IOPL) in the EFLAGS register and the I/O permission bit map of a Task State Segment (TSS). Under Windows NT, there are only two I/O privilege levels used, level 0 & level 3. User mode programs will run in privilege level 3, while device drivers and the kernel will run in privilege level 0, commonly referred to as ring 0. This allows the trusted operating system and drivers running in kernel mode to access the ports, while preventing less trusted user mode processes from touching the I/O ports and causing conflicts. All user mode programs should talk to a device driver, which arbitrates access. The I/O permission bitmap can be used to allow programs not privileged enough (i.e. user mode programs) the ability to access certain I/O ports. When an I/O instruction is executed, the processors will first check if the task is privileged enough to access the ports. Should this be the case, the I/O instruction will be executed. However if the task is not allowed to do I/O, the processor will then check the I/O permission bitmap. The I/O permission bitmap, as the name suggests uses a single bit to represent each I/O address. If the bit corresponding to a port is set, then the instruction will generate an exception however if the bit is clear then the I/O operation will proceed. This gives a means to allow certain processes to access certain ports. There is one I/O permission bitmap per task.

Accessing I/O Ports under NT/2000/XP

There are two solutions to solving the problem of I/O access under Windows NT/2000/XP. The first solution is to write a device driver, which runs in ring 0 (I/O privilege level 0) to access your I/O ports on your behalf. Data can be passed to and from your user mode program to the device driver via IOCTL calls. The driver can then execute your I/O instructions. The problem with this is that it assumes you have the source code to make such a change.

For this user has to use the drivers given along with **ESA PCIDIOT** card under "Lib" folder. User has to use Microsoft Visual Studio or Labwindows/Cvi to use these libraries. Procedure to develop the applications with these libraries and library description was given in the User Manual. Example application sources are also available with the CD.

Another possible alternative is to modify the I/O permission bitmap to allow a particular task, access to certain I/O ports. This grants your user mode program running in ring 3 to do unrestricted I/O operations on selected ports, as per the I/O permission bitmap.

This method is not really recommended, but provides a means of allowing existing applications to run under windows NT/2000/XP. Using the device driver provided with **ESA PCIDIOT** hardware is the preferred method.

For this,

- 1) User has to copy the files given under MASM_TC folder in ESA PCIDIOT Drivers CD to the current working directory.

- 2) Run "Chkdio" utility, which was given in Drivers CD to know the base address, assigned for the Card Resources.

- 3) Write the application with MASM using IN & OUT instruction to access the card resources. If you are using TURBO C, use "inport & outport" functions to access card resources.

4) Generate the “xxxxxxx.exe” file.

5) Run “iopm xxxxxxx.exe” 0xd800 0xdc00 0xdf00 + Enter key

Ex:

0xd800 -- Base Address for 8255-1

0xdc00 -- Base Address for 8255-2

0xdf00 -- Base Address for 8254

This could be done at the first run of the application. From Next run onwards till the PC restart use can run his applications without “iopm”.

i.e. “xxxxxxx.exe” + enter

NOTE: The above procedure should be followed when user is having Windows NT, 2000, XP Operating System. Under Windows 98 & 95 user can run his applications developed with MASM or TURBO C without any problem.

6) Run “uninstall.exe” to uninstall “Esalopm” Service.

Creating Application in TURBOC:

- 1) Run the “Chkdiod” utility from Drivers CD to know the **ESA PCIDOT** Card resources. This utility lists the
 - i) 8255-1 & 8255-2 Command Register, PortA, PortB & PortC Address
 - ii) 8254 Timer Command Register, Timer0, Timer1 & Timer2 Address.
 - iii) Number of **ESA PCIDIOT** Cards Existing.

- 2) Open the Turbo C editor and create a new file. Use the listed addresses of the card resources with inportb() & outportb() libraries, which is available under “dos.h”.

EXAMPLE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <dos.h>

void main(void)
{
    // Make 8255-1 all port outputs
    outportb(0xd803,0x80);
    // Make 8255-2 all port imports
    outportb(0xdc03,0x9b);

    while (!kbhit())
    {
        outportb(0xd800,0x55);
        if (inportb(0xdc00) == 0x55)
            printf("PortA Good");
    }
}
```

More Examples was given in the **ESA PCIDIOT** Drivers CD.

MASM Examples are also given in the CD.

5.5) MASM32 Application Development

Copy files from MASM32LIB folder to current working directory.

Include esadiot.inc to your application.

Write the application using the libraries included in “esadiot.inc”

Please refer the examples given in MASM32 folder of Driver CD. “Makeit.bat” contains the assembler and linker commands.

5.6) JAVA Application Development

Copy all files from java folder to current working directory.

Create object for **EsaJDiot** class in your application.

Write the application using the methods available in EsaJDiot class.
(For methods please refer “EsaJDiot.java”)

Compile code using “javac” and run using “java” commands

Please refer the examples given in java folder of Driver CD.

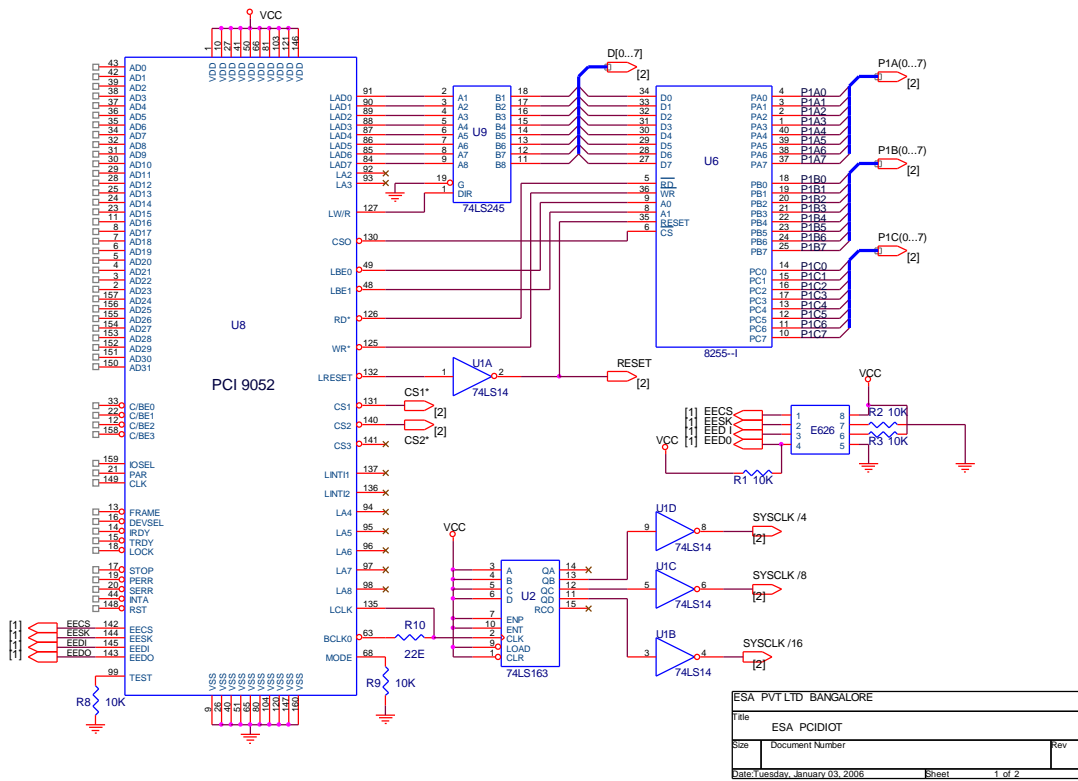
Known Limitations:-

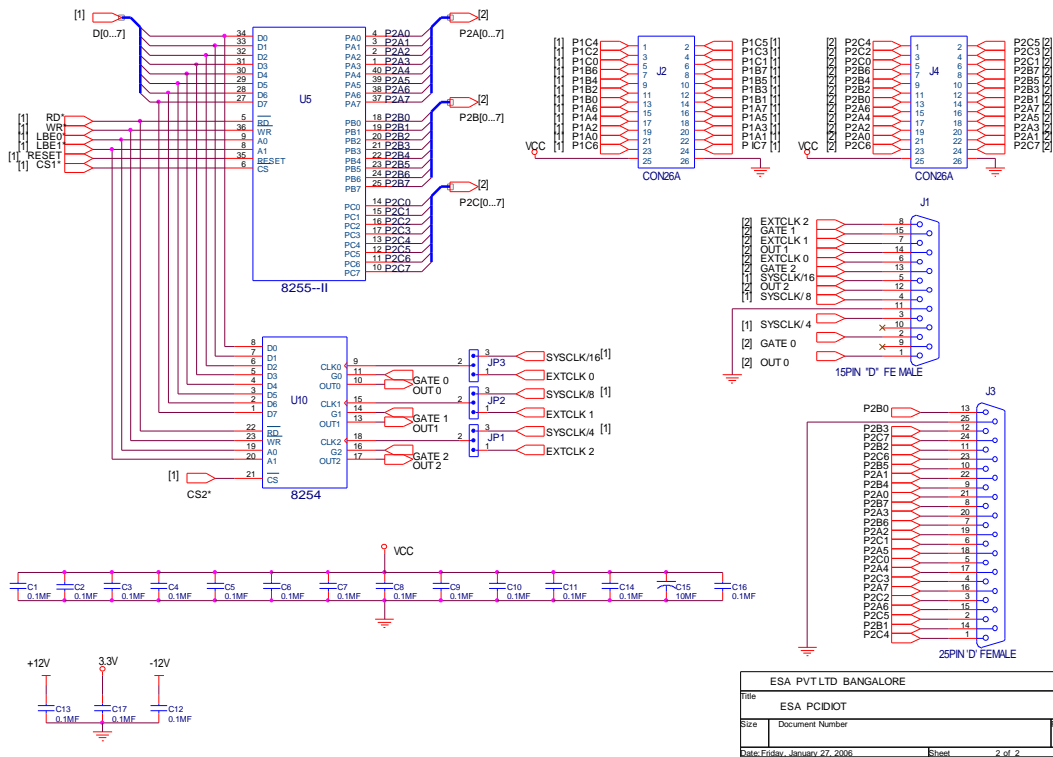
- Cannot be used with Applets.

- Application may not work in Cross Operating system (Linux/solaris ...)

Appendix A

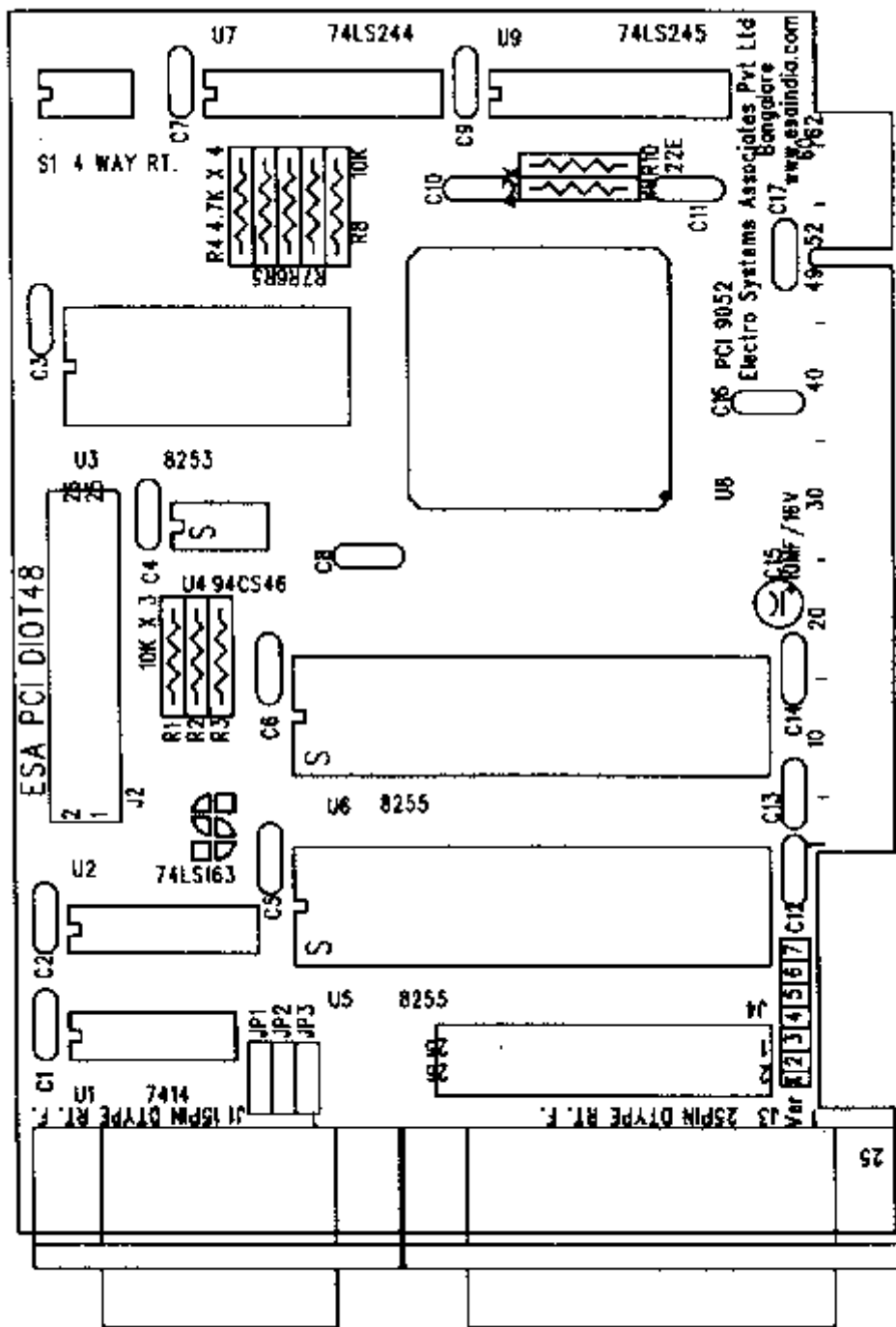
Schematics





ESA PVT LTD BANGALORE		
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Appendix B Component Layout



Appendix C
Connector Details

15 Pin D-Type Female Connector for 8254 Timer (J1):-

Signal	15-Pin Female Connector
OUT 0	1
GATE 0	2
SYSCLK/4	3
SYSCLK/8	4
SYSCLK/16	5
EXTCLK 0	6
EXTCLK1	7
EXTCLK 2	8
NC	9
NC	10
GND	11
OUT 2	12
GATE 2	13
OUT1	14
GATE 1	15

26 Pin Right Header Box Connector (J2):--

Signal	8255 (U6)	26 PIN Connector (J2)
P1A0	4	21
P1A1	3	22
P1A2	2	19
P1A3	1	20
P1A4	40	17
P1A5	39	18
P1A6	38	15
P1A7	37	16
P1B0	18	13
P1B1	19	14
P1B2	20	11
P1B3	21	12
P1B4	22	9
P1B5	23	10
P1B6	24	7
P1B7	25	8
P1C0	14	5
P1C1	15	6
P1C2	16	3
P1C3	17	4
P1C4	13	1
P1C5	12	2
P1C6	11	23
P1C7	10	24
VCC	26	25
GND	7	26

26 Pin Right Header Box Connector (J4):--

Signal	8255 (U5)	26 PIN Connector (J4)
P2A0	4	21
P2A1	3	22
P2A2	2	19
P2A3	1	20
P2A4	40	17
P2A5	39	18
P2A6	38	15
P2A7	37	16
P2B0	18	13
P2B1	19	14
P2B2	20	11
P2B3	21	12
P2B4	22	9
P2B5	23	10
P2B6	24	7
P2B7	25	8
P2C0	14	5
P2C1	15	6
P2C2	16	3
P2C3	17	4
P2C4	13	1
P2C5	12	2
P2C6	11	23
P2C7	10	24
VCC	26	25
GND	7	26

Solder Side PCI Signal Details:-

Pin	+5V	Description
1	TRST	Test Logic Reset
2	+12V	+12 VDC
3	TMS	Test Mode Select
4	TDI	Test Data Input
5	+5V	+5 VDC
6	INTA	Interrupt A
7	INTC	Interrupt C
8	+5V	+5 VDC
9	RESV01	Reserved VDC
10	+5V	+V I/O (+5 V or +3.3 V)
11	RESV03	Reserved VDC
12	GND03	Ground or Open (Key)
13	GND05	Ground or Open (Key)
14	RESV05	Reserved VDC
15	RESET	Reset
16	+5V	+V I/O (+5 V or +3.3 V)
17	GNT	Grant PCI use
18	GND08	Ground
19	RESV06	Reserved VDC
20	AD30	Address/Data 30
21	+3.3V01	+3.3 VDC
22	AD28	Address/Data 28
23	AD26	Address/Data 26
24	GND10	Ground
25	AD24	Address/Data 24
26	IDSEL	Initialization Device Select
27	+3.3V03	+3.3 VDC
28	AD22	Address/Data 22
29	AD20	Address/Data 20
30	GND12	Ground
31	AD18	Address/Data 18
32	AD16	Address/Data 16
33	+3.3V05	+3.3 VDC

34	FRAME	Address or Data phase
35	GND14	Ground
36	TRDY	Target Ready
37	GND15	Ground
38	STOP	Stop Transfer Cycle
39	+3.3V07	+3.3 VDC
40	SDONE	Snoop Done
41	SBO	Snoop Back off
42	GND17	Ground
43	PAR	Parity
44	AD15	Address/Data 15
45	+3.3V10	+3.3 VDC
46	AD13	Address/Data 13
47	AD11	Address/Data 11
48	GND19	Ground
49	AD9	Address/Data 9
52	C/BE0	Command, Byte Enable 0
53	+3.3V11	+3.3 VDC
54	AD6	Address/Data 6
55	AD4	Address/Data 4
56	GND21	Ground
57	AD2	Address/Data 2
58	AD0	Address/Data 0
59	+5V	+V I/O (+5 V or +3.3 V)
60	REQ64	Request 64 bit`
61	VCC11	+5 VDC
62	VCC13	+5 VDC

Component Side PCI Signal Details:-

1	-12V	-12 VDC
2	TCK	Test Clock
3	GND	Ground
4	TDO	Test Data Output
5	+5V	+5 VDC
6	+5V	+5 VDC
7	INTB	Interrupt B
8	INTD	Interrupt D
9	PRSNT1	Reserved
10	RES	+V I/O (+5 V or +3.3 V)
11	PRSNT2	
12	GND	Ground or Open (Key)
13	GND	Ground or Open (Key)
14	RES	Reserved VDC
15	GND	Reset
16	CLK	Clock
17	GND	Ground
18	REQ	Request
19	+5V	+V I/O (+5 V or +3.3 V)
20	AD31	Address/Data 31
21	AD29	Address/Data 29
22	GND	Ground
23	AD27	Address/Data 27
24	AD25	Address/Data 25
25	+3.3V	+3.3VDC
26	C/BE3	Command, Byte Enable 3
27	AD23	Address/Data 23
28	GND	Ground
29	AD21	Address/Data 21
30	AD19	Address/Data 19
31	+3.3V	+3.3 VDC
32	AD17	Address/Data 17
33	C/BE2	Command, Byte Enable 2
34	GND13	Ground

35	IRDY	Initiator Ready
36	+3.3V06	+3.3 VDC
37	DEVSEL	Device Select
38	GND16	Ground
39	LOCK	Lock bus
40	PERR	Parity Error
41	+3.3V08	+3.3 VDC
42	SERR	System Error
43	+3.3V09	+3.3 VDC
44	C/BE1	Command, Byte Enable 1
45	AD14	Address/Data 14
46	GND18	Ground
47	AD12	Address/Data 12
48	AD10	Address/Data 10
49	GND20	Ground
50	(OPEN)	Ground or Open (Key)
51	(OPEN)	Ground or Open (Key)
52	AD8	Address/Data 8
53	AD7	Address/Data 7
54	+3.3V12	+3.3 VDC
55	AD5	Address/Data 5
56	AD3	Address/Data 3
57	GND22	Ground
58	AD1	Address/Data 1
59	VCC08	+5 VDC
60	ACK64	Acknowledge 64 bit
61	VCC10	+5 VDC
62	VCC12	+5 VDC